Name\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Period\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Due Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

End of 4th Term Study Guide

1. Who was John Brown and how did he become a cause of the Civil War?
2. Who was Frederick Douglass?
3. What was the compromise made (in the Compromise of 1850) when California wanted to become a free state?
4. What was the Fugitive Slave Act?
5. Who was Harriet Tubman?
6. What is the definition of popular sovereignty?
7. Why did Kansas get called “Bleeding Kansas”?
8. Why was expansion of the West such a problem between North and South before the Civil War?
9. How did *Uncle Tom’s Cabin* become a cause of the Civil War?
10. What was the Dred Scott decision and why did that make those opposed to slavery mad?
11. What religious group made up the early abolitionists? This same group fought for women’s rights as well.
12. What was the “underground railroad”?
13. What social reforms did Dorothea Dix make in America?
14. What impact did Lincoln’s election as the President have on the South?
15. What was the first state to secede from the Union?
16. What does secession mean?
17. List the Confederate States of America.
18. Where did the Civil War begin?
19. Who was the general first invited by Abraham Lincoln to lead the Northern troops, but he decided to lead the Southern troops because he did not want to fight against his home state of Virginia. He was also against slavery.
20. What happened at the first major battle of the Civil War—the Battle of Bull Run?
21. What were three advantages the North had over the South at the beginning of the war?
22. What advantages did the South have over the North at the beginning of the Civil War?
23. What were three Unions strategies to win the war?
24. What were the names of the first ironclad ships that were used to fight in the Civil War?
25. Who was the Northern general that trained his men but was overly cautious to fight and take them into battle?
26. What was ironic about the meaning of the work “Shiloh” for the Battle of Shiloh where so many soldiers died?
27. What battle was the single bloodiest day of the Civil War?
28. What was the Emancipation Proclamation?
29. During the Civil War, what was the idea of a “good death”?
30. What battle was the “turning point” in the Civil War?
31. What was the name of the Union leader who held the far end of the Union troops from being flanked at Little Round Top at Gettysburg?
32. What was the bold move ordered during the Battle of Gettysburg requiring the Confederate troops to launch a direct infantry assault on the Union center on their high ground at Cemetery Ridge?
33. What battle victory helped the Union control most of the Mississippi River and occurred at the same time as the Battle of Gettysburg?
34. At what event did Abraham Lincoln give his short and inspirational speech now known as the Gettysburg Address?
35. Why were most of the battles in Virginia?
36. What are some reasons why McClellan was unable to capture Richmond?
37. What city did William T. Sherman capture and burn in his march to the sea? What were some of Sherman’s tactics of total war as he marched through the South?
38. What is the definition of “total war”?
39. Who was Lincoln’s fighting general who Lee surrendered to in Virginia?
40. Where did Lee surrender to Grant to end the Civil War?
41. Who was the President of the Confederate States?
42. The Civil War was fought from what years?
43. What color were the Southern uniforms? What was the nickname for a Southern Confederate soldier? What does CSA stand for?
44. What color were the Northern uniforms? What were nicknames for Northern troops?
45. Who killed Abraham Lincoln and where did this take place?
46. Who was the photographer of the Civil War who took pictures of the aftermath of the Battles? How did he change Americans attitude toward war?
47. Who was Clara Barton and what organization did she create?
48. What was the “Rebel Yell”?
49. Who was Susan B. Anthony and what did she fight for?
50. What amendment and what year were women given the right to vote?